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| APPLICATION NO.   | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.    | CONFIRMATION NO. |
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| 10/736,641  | 12/17/2003  | Don T. Cameron       | 20003.0075             | 3833             |
| 79175 7550 (22/24/2009)<br>HANIFY & KING PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION |             |                      | EXAMINER               |                  |
| 1875 K STREET, NW<br>SUITE 707<br>WASHINGTON, DC 20006            |             |                      | MCCORMICK, GABRIELLE A |                  |
|   |             |                      | ART UNIT               | PAPER NUMBER     |
|   |             |                      | 3629                   |                  |
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|   |             |                      | 02/24/2009             | PAPER            |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

# Office Action Summary

| Application No.     | Applicant(s)   | Applicant(s) |  |
|---------------------|----------------|--------------|--|
| 10/736,641          | CAMERON ET AL. |              |  |
| Examiner            | Art Unit       |              |  |
| Gabrielle McCormick | 3629           |              |  |

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In or worth, however, may a righty be timely filled after St. (6) MONTHS from the maining date of this communication.  - If NO period for righty is specified above, the maximum statutory priorid will apply and will expire 5 Kir (6) MONTHS from the most of the communication.  - If NO period for right is specified above, the maximum statutory priorid will apply and will expire 5 Kir (6) MONTHS from the maining date of this communication, even if timely filled, may reduce any country and particular term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status  1) Responsive to communication(s) filled on 30 January 2009.  2a This action is FINAL.  2b This action is non-final.  3) Is ince this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.  Disposition of Claims  4) Claim(s) 1-8.11-27.29 and 30 is/lare pending in the application.  4a) Of the above claim(s) Is/lare allowed.  6b Claim(s) 1-8.11-27 and 29-30 is/lare rejected.  7) Claim(s) Is/lare allowed.  6c) Claim(s) Is/lare allowed.  6c) Claim(s) Is/lare allowed.  7) Claim(s) Is/lare allowed.  8) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.  10) The drawing(s) filled on Is/lare: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.  Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.  Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119  12 | renou for Keply  |   |  |  |  |  |
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| application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.  Attachment(s)  1)  Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4)  Interview Summary (PTO-413)  | 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have be  | en received in Application No   |  |  |  |  |
| * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.  Attachment(s)  1)  Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4)  Interview Summary (PTO-413)   | <ol><li>Copies of the certified copies of the priority docum</li></ol>   | ents have been received in this National Stage  |  |  |  |  |
| Attachment(s)  1) ☑ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)   | application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  |   |  |  |  |  |
| 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)  | * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)  |  |   |  |  |  |  |
| 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)  |  |   |  |  |  |  |
| 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)  | Attachment(s)  |   |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  | Paper No(s)/Mail Date   |  |  |  |  |
| 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) 5) Notice of Informal Fatent Application  | 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/Sb/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date   | 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application  6) Other:   |  |  |  |  |
|  | Paper No(s)/Mail Date  | 6)  |  |  |  |  |

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### DETAILED ACTION

#### Status of Claims

This action is in reply to the Request for Continued Examination filed on January 30, 2009.

2. Claim 1 has been amended.

Claim 30 has been added.

Claim 28 has been canceled.

5. Claims 1-8, 11-27 and 29-30 are currently pending and have been examined.

#### Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

6. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on October 30, 2008 has been entered.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefore, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

- 8. Claims 1-8, 11-27 and 29 are rejected as being directed to non-statutory subject matter.
- 9. Claim 1 is a method claim that recites process steps that are not tied to a particular machine. Based on recent Federal Circuit decision (see In re Bilski), an applicant may show that a process claim satisfies 35 USC 101 either by showing that his claim is tied to a particular machine, or by showing that his claim transforms an article. (See Benson, 409 U.S. at 70). First, as illustrated by Benson, the use of a specific machine or transformation of an article must impose meaningful

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limits on the claim's scope to impart patent-eligibility. (See Benson, 409 U.S. at 71-72). Second, the involvement of the machine or transformation in the claimed process must not merely be insignificant extra-solution activity. (See Flook, 437 U.S. at 590).

- 10. Claim 1 recites providing a link that is accessible via a webpage. The provision of a link is insignificant extra-solution activity and therefore does not impose meaningful limits on the claim's scope.
- 11. Because the applicable test to determine whether a claim is drawn to a patent-eligible process under 35 USC 101 is the machine-or-transformation test set forth by the Supreme Court, claim 1 fails that test and is therefore rejected under 35 USC 101. Claims 2-8, 11-27 and 29 are rejected through dependency from claim 1.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 12. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
  - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 13. Claim 30 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- 14. The term "substantially" in claim 30 is a relative term which renders the claim indefinite. The term "substantially" is not defined by the claim, the specification does not provide a standard for ascertaining the requisite degree, and one of ordinary skill in the art would not be reasonably apprised of the scope of the invention. Page 5, line 19 of the specification discloses that a "determination is then made whether the features substantially conform to the manufacturing specifications." Discussion follows regarding deviations due to normal use of the product. It is unclear whether if the determination that the product does not substantially conform whether this could be due to abnormal use, extreme use or that the product's features do not match some or all of the manufacturing specifications. Further, the definition of "normal" use, were it to be

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rules.html:

incorporated into the claim language, would similarly raise questions of clarity, as it too is a relative term

15. The Examiner notes the amendment to claim 1 to overcome the previous rejection regarding the use of the term. "substantially". The rejections to claims 1-8. 11-17 and 29 are withdrawn.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

16. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

> A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-8, 13, 15-16, 18-19 and 23-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Callaway (pages documented from the Internet Archive from November 29, 2002 at <a href="http://web.archive.org/web/20011020005809/www.callawaygolfpreowned.com/trade-">http://web.archive.org/web/20011020005809/www.callawaygolfpreowned.com/trade-</a>

http://web.archive.org/web/20020601221544/www.callawaygolfpreowned.com/guarantee.html; http://web.archive.org/web/20021203111831/www.callawaygolfpreowned.com/c016871c.html; http://web.archive.org/web/20020601224341/www.callawaygolfpreowned.com/condition.html) in view of Cohen (US Pub. No. 2003/0050891).

18. Claims 1-7, 13, 15, 19 and 27: Callaway discloses a method where used Callaway golf clubs can be traded in for either new or previously owned clubs. The method involves mailing the club for trade to Callaway (pg. 1; III), verifying the club (pg. 1; VI) and returning an unacceptable club (pg. 2; bullets 586). Clubs that are accepted are given a "Certified Preowned title" (i.e., results are reported) after passing a "meticulous inspection." Callaway provides a SKU # (i.e., a unique registration number -pg. 4). It is obvious that as the manufacturer of the preowned clubs, Callaway would have access to manufacturing specifications and would therefore determine

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whether the features of the traded clubs conform to the manufacturing specifications. It is inherent that as the manufacturer, Callaway is an authorized authenticator. On pages 4 and 5, Callaway discloses features of a certified preowned club, including physical dimensions (loft), materials (graphite), manufacturer markings ("Callaway" in the photo), shape (driver), stamping (see bottom of club in photo), shaft (Callaway BBUL Graphite) and condition (fair). Callaway provides definitions for grading the condition of preowned clubs based on the number of rounds of golf played. (pg. 6). These results are available through a website link. (pg. 4).

- 19. Callaway does not disclose the finish, paint fill grip or weight.
- 20. However, these differences are only found in the nonfunctional descriptive data and are not functionally involved in the steps recited. The identification of relevant features would be performed regardless of specific features such as finish, paint fill, grip and weight. Thus, this descriptive data will not distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art in terms of patentability, see In re Gulack, 703 F.2d 1381, 1385, 217 USPQ 401, 404 (Fed. Cir. 1983); In re Lowry, 32 F.3d 1579, 32 USPQ2d 1031 (Fed. Cir. 1994).
- 21. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have included finish, paint fill, grip and weight because such data does not functionally relate to the steps in the method claimed and because the subjective interpretation of relevant features does not patentably distinguish the claimed invention. It is obvious that in Callaway's disclosure of additional features such as gender, lie angle, hand and flex that the relevant features that Callaway deems necessary to aiding in the sale of certified preowned clubs is provided and that should additional information be necessary, Callaway would be capable of providing it.
- Though Callaway discloses unique registration numbers (SKU#; pg. 4), Callaway does not disclose linking unique registration numbers for equipment authenticated two or more times.
- 23. Cohen, however, discloses a tracking check and unique tracking number (P[0061]) that can correspond to an item or a plurality of items, such as a set of golf clubs. (P[0062]). Information about the item and the chain of ownership are registered in a database. (P[0063]). The tracking

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check also tracks an item when title is not conveyed, such as when an item requires servicing. (P[0085-0088]). The system tracks the change of possession between an owner and a service center, thus documenting the possession and service history. (P[0088]). Thus, a chain of title and possession is created. (Abstract).

- 24. Though Cohen does not disclose that the service center assigns a unique registration number each time service is performed, the Examiner takes Official Notice that it is old and well known that a service center assigns a unique number such as an invoice number in order to track the servicing fees and charge the customer. For example, each time a vehicle is taken to a dealership for service or preventative maintenance, the VIN uniquely identifies the vehicle, however, each service transaction is recorded separately via accounting invoicing systems such that a vehicle service history is produced. Such a history is evidenced by the receipt of notifications by the dealer that the vehicle is due for service. Accounting systems utilizing invoice numbers are old and well known. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have included invoice numbers, in the system of Cohen for the motivation of providing service centers with a means to bill customers for services. Thus, Cohen's system, when combined with the old and well known accounting system that uses an invoice for billing, creates a link between the servicing of an item and the possession history whereby a service history is created for the item that includes a unique number for each service.
- 25. The Examiner also contends that the database of Cohen that tracks the title and possession of an item using a single unique number to identify the item, is the equivalent of generating multiple unique numbers that are linked in order to provide a history for the item.
- 26. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have included tracking an item's possession and service history, as disclosed by Cohen, in the system of Callaway for the motivation of establishing a chain of titleholders that can by used by insurance companies and law enforcement to determine ownership. (Cohen; P[0046]). Further, by documenting repair and service histories and records of the quality of work and type of work performed (P[0048]) higher resale value in the future may result. (P[0088]). Callaway would be

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motivated to link records of equipment each time it is authenticated to create a detailed history of the equipment's possession and use. It is obvious for Callaway to protect the brand and image of quality associated with its clubs, therefore, a database tracking club trades would ensure that stolen clubs would not be permitted to be accepted for trade. It is old and well known for companies to request owners of products to register the purchase in order to establish ownership, therefore, it is obvious for Callaway to track ownership throughout a club's life. As Callaway does not preclude a club being traded more than once, it is obvious that Callaway would employ a database to capture the sales and authentication history of each club.

- Callaway further discloses a link that is accessible via a webpage to access the results. (pg. 4-5
  contain the results via a link ("Great Big Bertha Driver").)
- 28. Claims 8: Callaway receives the club and performs a "meticulous inspection" as part of the certification process. (pg. 3). Though Callaway does not disclose a first or second view, it is inherent that the club is viewed numerous times and from numerous angles during the inspection.
- 29. Claims 16 and 18: Callaway discloses a "Certified Preowned title" (pg. 3). The word "Callaway" on the pictured "Certificate of Authenticity" is a seal. It cannot be determined whether "Callaway" is embossed. Further, a picture or a reference number is not disclosed with the Certificate, however, on page 4, a photo and a SKU # are provided for a club offered for sale as a certified preowned club.
- 30. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have included the photo and SKU with the certificate for the motivation of providing increased assurance to the purchaser of the club that the club is traceable to the certificate. It is old and well known to provide details linking a physical product to a document that certifies its characteristics for quality assurance and traceability purposes. Embossing the word "Callaway" would be an obvious addition to the certificate as a means of preventing forged copies of the certificate.
- Claims 23-26: Callaway discloses a mailing label (pg. 1; V). The mailing label would be created through an automated process when it is printed using standard print commands that inherently

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reside on an Internet browser. Callaway is notified of the request in step V: "Mail a copy of the Trade in Form along with the club to be traded". Furthermore, it is obvious that the Trade in Form would also serve as a packing slip as it would provide a description of the club to be traded in.

- 32. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have included using the Trade in Form as a packing slip for the motivation of providing a method of providing a paper trail to verify that the correct item was mailed.
- 33. Claims 11-12, 14 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Callaway (pages documented from the Internet Archive from November 29, 2002 at http://web.archive.org/web/20011020005809/www.callawaygolfpreowned.com/trade-rules.html; http://web.archive.org/web/20020601221544/www.callawaygolfpreowned.com/guarantee.html; http://web.archive.org/web/20021203111831/www.callawaygolfpreowned.com/c016871c.html; http://web.archive.org/web/20020601224341/www.callawaygolfpreowned.com/condition.html) in view of Cohen (US Pub. No. 2003/0050891) in further view of Chester (US Pub. No. 2004/0054888).
- Claims 11 and 12: Callaway discloses the method of claim 1. Callaway does not disclose comparing the equipment to a previously prepared record of the equipment.
- 35. Chester, however, discloses "verifying the authenticity and ownership of a registered item or article by querying the accrediting authority", transferring an item, issuing a new certification of authenticity to new purchaser and registering the transferred item or article and new owner. (P[0016]). During verification and title transfer, the correct owner and "a static digital image" (i.e., picture) is provided. (P[0032]). Thus, Chester provides access to a previous record and a picture.
- 36. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have included comparison to previous records and pictures, as disclosed by Chester, in the system of Callaway for the motivation of verifying ownership at the time of trade-in. Callaway would be motivated to access previous records and photos to ensure that a club received had not

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been stolen from a registered owner. It is old and well known that companies track the ownership of products sold for various purposes, including offering new product promotions.

- Claims 14 and 17: Callaway discloses the methods of claims 1 and 16. Callaway does not disclose making an indicia or providing said reference number on the equipment.
- Chester, however, discloses a "hologram with embedded attributes with encrypted protection and
  password or personal identification number...for use with each separate item or article to be
  authenticated by each authorized distributor..." (P[0029]).
- 39. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have included indicia and reference number on an authenticated item, as disclosed by Chester, in the system of Callaway for the motivation of linking the item to a certificate of authentication.
- 40. Claims 20-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Callaway (pages documented from the Internet Archive from November 29. 2002 http://web.archive.org/web/20011020005809/www.callawaygolfpreowned.com/trade-rules.html; http://web.archive.org/web/20020601221544/www.callawaygolfpreowned.com/guarantee.html: http://web.archive.org/web/20021203111831/www.callawaygolfpreowned.com/c016871c.html; http://web.archive.org/web/20020601224341/www.callawaygolfpreowned.com/condition.html) in view of Cohen (US Pub. No. 2003/0050891) in further view of Greenwichgolf.com ((pages documented from Archive the Internet at http://web.archive.org/web/20020605164840/greenwichgolf.com/ser02.htm).
- Claims 20-21: Callaway discloses the method of claim 1, however, Callaway does not disclose altering the equipment from its original condition.
- 42. Greenwichgolf.com discloses offering alterations to golf equipment.
- 43. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have included altering equipment, as disclosed by Greenwichgolf.com, in the system of Callaway for the motivation of making lies right for a person's swing. (Greenwichgolf.com).

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44. It is would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have included reporting how the equipment was altered. Callaway discloses on pages 4 and 5 "Lie Angle: Standard" and "Length: Standard". It would have been obvious that had the club been altered from "Standard", that it would have been reported.

- 45. Claim 22 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Callaway (pages documented the Archive from from Internet November 29. http://web.archive.org/web/20011020005809/www.callawaygolfpreowned.com/trade-rules.html; http://web.archive.org/web/20020601221544/www.callawaygolfpreowned.com/guarantee.html; http://web.archive.org/web/20021203111831/www.callawaygolfpreowned.com/c016871c.html; http://web.archive.org/web/20020601224341/www.callawaygolfpreowned.com/condition.html) in view of Cohen (US Pub. No. 2003/0050891) in further view of Harreld ("Scrutinizing the numbers". InfoWorld. San Mateo: Aug. 19, 2002. Vol 24, Iss. 33; pg. 35).
- Claim 22: Callaway discloses the method of claim 1. Callaway does not disclose a color-coded certificate based on results.
- Harreld, however, discloses the executive receive color-coded reports highlighting any variances from performance goals. (pg. 2; para. 12).
- 48. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have included color coding certificates based on results, as disclosed by Harreld, in the system of Callaway for the motivation of providing a visual alert. For example, if a club was listed as Condition: Very Good, color-coding would provide a visual clue that would direct potential buyers to that listing and therefore increase the likelihood of selling the club.
- 49. <u>Claim 29</u> is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Callaway (pages documented from the Internet Archive from November 29, 2002 at http://web.archive.org/web/20011020005809/www.callawaygolfpreowned.com/trade-rules.html; http://web.archive.org/web/20020601221544/www.callawaygolfpreowned.com/guarantee.html;

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http://web.archive.org/web/20021203111831/www.callawaygolfpreowned.com/c016871c.html; http://web.archive.org/web/20020601224341/www.callawaygolfpreowned.com/condition.html) in view of Cohen (US Pub. No. 2003/0050891) in further view of Solheim (US Pub. No. 2002/0077956).

- Claim 29: Callaway discloses ratings (i.e., indicia of conditions of the equipment). (pg. 6), but does not disclose that these conditions relate to original and modified parts.
- Solheim discloses an authentication service that additionally provides fitting and repair, including new grips and new shafts (P[0016]), thus disclosing original and modified parts.
- 52. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have included original and modified parts, as disclosed by Solheim, in the rating system of Callaway for the motivation of fully disclosing to a potential purchaser the state of the equipment. It is obvious that in passing a "meticulous inspection" that Callaway would note original versus modified parts as this would impact the desirability of the club, as well as the acceptance for trade as a Callaway product.
- 53. Claim 30 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Callaway (pages documented from the Internet Archive from November 29, 2002 at http://web.archive.org/web/20011020005809/www.callawaygolfpreowned.com/trade-rules.html; http://web.archive.org/web/20020601221544/www.callawaygolfpreowned.com/guarantee.html; http://web.archive.org/web/20021203111831/www.callawaygolfpreowned.com/c016871c.html; http://web.archive.org/web/20020601224341/www.callawaygolfpreowned.com/c016871c.html; http://web.archive.org/web/20020601224341/www.callawaygolfpreowned.com/condition.html) in view of Cohen (US Pub. No. 2003/0050891) in view of Solheim (US Pub. No. 2002/0077956) in view of Bernard (US Pub. No. 2003/0171927).
- 54. Claims 30: Callaway discloses a method where used Callaway golf clubs can be traded in for either new or previously owned clubs. The method involves mailing the club for trade to Callaway (pg. 1; III), verifying the club (pg. 1; VI) and returning an unacceptable club (pg. 2; bullets 5&6: thus the golf equipment is returned from the second entity to the first entity). Clubs that are

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accepted are given a "Certified Preowned title" (i.e., results are reported) after passing a "meticulous inspection." Callaway provides a SKU # (i.e., a unique registration number -pg. 4). It is obvious that as the manufacturer of the preowned clubs, Callaway would have access to manufacturing specifications and would therefore determine whether the features of the traded clubs conform to the manufacturing specifications. It is inherent that as the manufacturer, Callaway is an authorized authenticator. Callaway reports the results (pg. 4-5) on a web page.

- 55. Though Callaway discloses unique registration numbers (SKU#; pg. 4), Callaway does not disclose linking unique registration numbers for equipment authenticated two or more times.
- 56. Cohen, however, discloses a tracking check and unique tracking number (P[0061]) that can correspond to an item or a plurality of items, such as a set of golf clubs. (P[0062]). Information about the item and the chain of ownership are registered in a database. (P[0063]). The tracking check also tracks an item when title is not conveyed, such as when an item requires servicing. (P[0085-0088]). The system tracks the change of possession between an owner and a service center, thus documenting the possession and service history. (P[0088]). Thus, a chain of title and possession is created. (Abstract).
- 57. Though Cohen does not disclose that the service center assigns a unique registration number each time service is performed, the Examiner takes Official Notice that it is old and well known that a service center assigns a unique number such as an invoice number in order to track the servicing fees and charge the customer. For example, each time a vehicle is taken to a dealership for service or preventative maintenance, the VIN uniquely identifies the vehicle, however, each service transaction is recorded separately via accounting invoicing systems such that a vehicle service history is produced. Such a history is evidenced by the receipt of notifications by the dealer that the vehicle is due for service. Accounting systems utilizing invoice numbers are old and well known. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have included invoice numbers, in the system of Cohen for the motivation of providing service centers with a means to bill customers for services. Thus, Cohen's system, when combined with the old and well known accounting system that uses an

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invoice for billing, creates a link between the servicing of an item and the possession history whereby a service history is created for the item that includes a unique number for each service.

- 58. The Examiner also contends that the database of Cohen that tracks the title and possession of an item using a single unique number to identify the item, is the equivalent of generating multiple unique numbers that are linked in order to provide a history for the item.
- 59. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have included tracking an item's possession and service history, as disclosed by Cohen, in the system of Callaway for the motivation of establishing a chain of titleholders that can by used by insurance companies and law enforcement to determine ownership. (Cohen; P[0046]). Further, by documenting repair and service histories and records of the quality of work and type of work performed (P[0048]) higher resale value in the future may result. (P[0088]). Callaway would be motivated to link records of equipment each time it is authenticated to create a detailed history of the equipment's possession and use. It is obvious for Callaway to protect the brand and image of quality associated with its clubs, therefore, a database tracking club trades would ensure that stolen clubs would not be permitted to be accepted for trade. It is old and well known for companies to request owners of products to register the purchase in order to establish ownership, therefore, it is obvious for Callaway to track ownership throughout a club's life. As Callaway does not preclude a club being traded more than once, it is obvious that Callaway would employ a database to capture the sales and authentication history of each club.
- 60. Callaway doesn't disclose returning golf equipment if the equipment passes the verification.
- 61. Solheim, however, discloses authentication services that inspect merchandize prior to its being offered for sale and providing an authentication opinion. It is obvious that the merchandise it provided to the authenticator (second entity) and returned to the first entity prior to its sale.
- 62. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have included authentication services where the merchandise is returned to the owner, as disclosed by Solheim, in the system of Callaway for the motivation of providing a new means of generating revenue for Callaway. By offering a Callaway authentication service for a fee,

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Callaway would benefit from increased profits for a service that they are already equipped to perform and the customer would benefit be being able to offer his clubs for sale at a higher price as a result of the Callaway authentication. Solheim teaches that authentication services already exist, therefore, the combination with Callaway is merely a combination of old and well known elements, and in the combination each element merely would have performed the same function as it did separately, and one of ordinary skill in the art would have recognized that the results of the combination were predictable.

- 63. Callaway discloses reporting results via a web page (pg. 4-5) but does not disclose that a link to these results is provided from the second entity to the first entity.
- 64. Bernard, however, discloses a third party (i.e., second entity) verifying and certifying information regarding an applicant. The results are available via a URL such that the applicant (first entity) can provide the URL on his resume for an employer (third entity) to view the results via the Internet. (P[0031]).
- 65. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have included a URL to access results, as disclosed by Bernard, in the system of Callaway for the motivation of providing convenient means of transmitting results data. As Callaway already posts results on a web page, it is inherent that a URL exists for the web page and therefore the provision of a URL as a means to access the result data is an obvious expansion of Callaway.
- 66. Further, the combination with Callaway is merely a combination of old and well known elements, and in the combination each element merely would have performed the same function as it did separately, and one of ordinary skill in the art would have recognized that the results of the combination were predictable.
- 67. Callaway does not disclose the first entity using the registry engine code in a webpage.
- Solheim, however, discloses that sellers cut and paste hyperlinks into a webpage displaying an item for auction. (P[0015]).
- 69. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have included a first entity cutting and pasting a URL into a webpage, as disclosed by Solheim,

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in the system of Callaway since the claimed invention is merely a combination of old and well known elements, and in the combination each element merely would have performed the same function as it did separately, and one of ordinary skill in the art would have recognized that the results of the combination were predictable.

# Response to Arguments

- 70. Applicant's arguments with respect to claim 1 has been considered but are not persuasive. The Examiner has detailed an explanation of how the prior art of record discloses the limitations of claim 1, above.
- 71. In particular, the Examiner notes that Callaway does return a golf club (pg. 2; bullets 5 and 6). The Examiner notes that claim 30 does not express the additional limitation of returning the equipment after authentication. In light of applicant's remarks, however, the Examiner notes that Solheim discloses this feature.
- 72. The Examiner further notes that Callaway provides a link via a webpage to results. (pg. 4-5).
- 73. The Examiner disagrees with Applicant's assertion that Callaway and Cohen teach away from one another. On the contrary, because Cohen is directed to tracking an item throughout its life, including for repair, it would track the golf equipment sent to Callaway.
- 74. In response to applicant's argument that the examiner's conclusion of obviousness is based upon improper hindsight reasoning, it must be recognized that any judgment on obviousness is in a sense necessarily a reconstruction based upon hindsight reasoning. But so long as it takes into account only knowledge which was within the level of ordinary skill at the time the claimed invention was made, and does not include knowledge gleaned only from the applicant's disclosure, such a reconstruction is proper. See In re McLaughlin, 443 F.2d 1392, 170 USPQ 209 (CCPA 1971).

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Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should

be directed to Gabrielle McCormick whose telephone number is (571)270-1828. The examiner can

normally be reached on Monday - Thursday (5:30 - 4:00 pm).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John

Weiss can be reached on 571-272-6812. The fax phone number for the organization where this

application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application

Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from

either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through

Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should

you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC)

at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative

or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-

1000.

/G. M./

Examiner, Art Unit 3629

/John G. Weiss/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3629